**Table 1. Summary Assessment** 

Phase/Institution			Institutional Strength	Reform priority
PIMA Climate Change	C1	Climate-aware planning	<b>Medium.</b> MTF 2021-2024 and some sectoral plans are consistent with NDC. National Building Code explicitly addresses climate risks to public infrastructure while land use and physical planning regulations do not. Centralized guidance is not provided through guidelines or other resources.	Medium
	C2	Coordination between entities	Low. The Institutional framework for climate change is fragmented. No coordination between central and local governments for climate-sensitive investment planning. Oversight framework does not promote consistency between public bodies' climate-related investments and climate policies.	Medium
	С3	Project appraisal and selection	<b>Low.</b> Project appraisal and selection do not integrate climate-related analysis based on a standardized methodology. Climate impacts are not required to be reflected in PPP contracts.	High
	C4	Budgeting and portfolio management	Low. Climate spending is not identified in the budget. There is no requirement to undertake ex post reviews or external audits of the impact of projects on climate adaptation or mitigation. Asset registers do not require identification of climate vulnerability.	Medium
	C5	Risk management	<b>Medium.</b> A national disaster risk management strategy is not in place. A handful of ex ante financing mechanisms to drawn on to respond to natural disasters are in place. Fiscal risk analysis does not incorporate assessment of climate change risks to public infrastructure assets over the medium term.	High